UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/549,771	09/19/2005	Osamu Funahashi	MAT-8742US	7878
52473 RATNERPRES	7590 05/01/200 STIA	8	EXAM	IINER
P.O. BOX 980 VALLEY FOR	CE DA 10492		ELBIN,	TESSE A
VALLET FOR	UE, PA 19482		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2615	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/01/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 September 2005.  2a)☐ This action is FINAL.  2b)☑ This action is non-final.  3]☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.  Disposition of Claims  4]☑ Claim(s) 1-7 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.  5]☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6]☑ Claim(s) 1-7 is/are rejected.  7]☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8]☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.  Application Papers  9]☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10)☑ The drawing(s) filed on 19 September 2005 is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☑ objected to by the Examiner.  Application Papers application is objected to by the Examiner.  Application Papers by ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  Application Papers  9]☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  Application Papers  9]☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  Application Papers  9]☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  Application paper so [1] □ Accepted or b)☑ objected to by the Examiner.  Application Papers  9]☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  Application the order of Examiner is required if the drawing(s) is objected to See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11)☐ The cath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.  Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12]☑ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a)☑ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:  1.☑ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3.☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17			Applica	tion No.	Applicant(s)	
JESSE A. ELBIN   2615	Office Action Summary		10/549,	771	FUNAHASHI, OS	SAMU
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address — Period for Reply  A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 2 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  Learness of time may be available under the proximate of 3 CFRT 11-350; in the overt, involved, may any by be timely filed  8 NO period for reply is appecified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (3) MONTH'S from the matting date of this communication.  Fallus to reply when the soft contended period for night 9 in the visitor than through 10 in the matter of the communication. The provided by the provided period for night 9 in the visitor than through 10 in the maximum of the communication. The provided period for night 10 in the provided period			Examin	er	Art Unit	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - and six (s) MICHINES from the mailing date of this communication.  - if the period creek is specified above, the missimal materiality patient and patient or neply the timely flied.  - if the period creek is specified above, the missimal materiality patient and patient or neply the timely flied.  - if the period creek is specified above, the missimal materiality patient and patient to reply within the serior extended period for reply with the serior extended period for reply with. It is advised the missing date of flits communication, even if flitney filled, may reduce any searced patent term adjustment. See 37 CPR 1.74(b).  Status  1) □ Responsive to communication(s) filled on 19 September 2005.  2a) □ This action is FINAL.  2b) □ This action is non-final.  3) □ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.  Disposition of Claims  4) □ Claim(s) 1.7 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are allowed.  5) □ Claim(s) 1.7 is/are rejected.  7) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to by the Examiner.  10) □ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) □ The drawing(s) filled on 19 September 2005 is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in absyrace. See 37 CFR 1.86(a).  11 □ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.  Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12) □ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)(d) or (f).  a) □ All by □ Some * c) □ None of:  11 □ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  22 □ Certified copies			JESSE /	A. ELBIN	2615	
WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  Entensions of time may be available under the processor of 3 CFR 11369], Into event, however, may a regive be limitely filled after 50X (8) JACKTHS from the mailing date of this communication of 100 per			nication appears on t	he cover sheet v	vith the correspondence ac	ddress
1) ⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 September 2005.  2a □ This action is FINAL. 2b ⋈ This action is non-final.  3) □ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.  Disposition of Claims  4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-7 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) □ Claim(s) 1-7 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-7 is/are rejected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.  Application Papers  9) □ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 19 September 2005 is/are: a) □ accepted or b) ☒ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in aboyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) □ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.  Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) ☒ All b □ Some * c) □ None of:  1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2 □ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  *See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.	WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	<ul> <li>WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.</li> <li>Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.</li> <li>If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.</li> <li>Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any</li> </ul>				
2a)  This action is FINAL.  2b)  This action is non-final.  3  Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.  Disposition of Claims  4  Claim(s) 1-7 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5  Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6  Claim(s) 1-7 is/are rejected. 7  Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.  Application Papers  9  The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10  The drawing(s) filed on 19 September 2005 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11  The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.  Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12  Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1.  Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2.  Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3.  Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  *See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.	Status					
2a)  This action is FINAL.  2b)  This action is non-final.  3  Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.  Disposition of Claims  4  Claim(s) 1-7 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5  Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6  Claim(s) 1-7 is/are rejected. 7  Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.  Application Papers  9  The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10  The drawing(s) filed on 19 September 2005 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11  The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.  Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12  Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1.  Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2.  Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3.  Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  *See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.	1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on 19 Sentember	2005		
3  Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.  Disposition of Claims  4	<i>′</i> =	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u>-                                    </u>			
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.  Disposition of Claims  4	=		<i>'</i> —		tters, prosecution as to the	e merits is
4)	- / 🗀		-			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.  5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☒ Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.  Application Papers  9) □ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 19 September 2005 is/are: a) □ accepted or b) ☒ objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) □ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.  Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) ☒ All b) □ Some * c) □ None of:  1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. □ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. □ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.  Attachment(s)    Altachment(s)	Dispositi	on of Claims				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.  5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☒ Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.  Application Papers  9) □ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 19 September 2005 is/are: a) □ accepted or b) ☒ objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) □ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.  Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) ☒ All b) □ Some * c) □ None of:  1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. □ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. □ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.  Attachment(s)    Altachment(s)	4)🖂	Claim(s) 1-7 is/are pending in the a	pplication.			
5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are rejected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.  Application Papers  9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 19	•		• •	onsideration.		
Solid Claim(s) 1-7 is/are rejected.  7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to restriction and/or election requirement.  Application Papers  9) □ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 19 September 2005 is/are: a) □ accepted or b) ☒ objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) □ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.  Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) ☒ All b) □ Some * c) □ None of:  1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. □ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. □ .  3. □ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.  Attachment(s)  1) ☒ Notice of Portsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.  Application Papers  9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) The drawing(s) filed on 19_ September 2005 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.  Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3 Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.  Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  All online of Protestsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Notice of Informal Patent Application  Notice of Informal Patent Application	'=	· · ———				
Application Papers  9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) The drawing(s) filed on 19 September 2005 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.  Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.  Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application	·	•				
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 19 September 2005 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☑ objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.  Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12) ☑ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) ☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:  1. ☑ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.  Attachment(s)  1) ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) ☑ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	•	· · · ——	ction and/or election	requirement.		
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 19 September 2005 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.  Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:  1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.  Attachment(s)  1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application	Applicati	on Papers				
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 19 September 2005 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.  Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:  1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.  Attachment(s)  1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application	9)□	The specification is objected to by th	ne Examiner			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.  Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.  Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	<i>,</i> —	•		accepted or b)	⊠ objected to by the Exa	ıminer.
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.  Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some column Some column None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.  Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	. 9/23		•		-	
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.  Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:  1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.  Attachment(s)  1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)				_		ER 1.121(d).
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.  Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  1 Notice of Informal Patent Application	11)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.  Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  1 Notice of Informal Patent Application	Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119	·			
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.  Attachment(s)  1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	12)	12) ⚠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.  Attachment(s)  1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Patent Application	a)	<i>'</i>				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.  Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. Paper No(s)/Mail Date. Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)		' ' '				
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.  Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date.  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.  *Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  *Attachment(s)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date.  Paper No(s)/Mail Date.  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application			•		n received in this National	l Stage
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date.  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application	* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date.  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date  Notice of Informal Patent Application	Attachment(s)					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application			770 040)			
5) A minimation Program Statement (6) (1 Telephon)			PTO-948)			

Art Unit: 2615

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## **Drawings**

1. Figure 5 should be designated by a legend such as --Prior Art-- because only that which is old is illustrated. See MPEP § 608.02(g). Corrected drawings in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The replacement sheet(s) should be labeled "Replacement Sheet" in the page header (as per 37 CFR 1.84(c)) so as not to obstruct any portion of the drawing figures. If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States
- 3. Claims 1-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Funahashi et al. (US PGPub 2003/0185415 A1).

**Regarding claim 1**, Funahashi teaches a loudspeaker (abstract) comprising: a magnetic circuit (#9) having an annular magnetic gap (#14); a frame (#19) coupled to the magnetic circuit (#9 and Fig. 1); a voice coil (#16) movably fitted into the magnetic

Art Unit: 2615

gap ([0040] lines 1-2); and a diaphragm (#17) coupled to the frame (#19 and Fig. 1) at its periphery via a first edge (#18), wherein a suspension holder (#20) extending downward from a middle portion between an inner periphery and an outer periphery on a rear surface of the diaphragm (Figs. 7-9) is coupled to the diaphragm using an adhesive (integrated with the diaphragm; Figs 7 and [0053] lines 11-14); and the periphery of the suspension holder (#20) is coupled to the frame (#19) via a second edge (#21) that is symmetric and similar to the first edge (#18 and [0045] lines 3-5).

Regarding claim 2, Funahashi remains as applied above.

Funahashi further teaches the diaphragm (#17) is formed of resin ([0043] lines 3-4).

Regarding claim 3, Funahashi remains as applied above.

Funahashi further teaches the first edge (Fig. 12 #29) and the second edge (Fig. 12 #30) are formed in a semicircular roll shape (Figs. 1, 4-17, and 20-21), respectively, and the first edge (Fig. 12 #29) is protruded toward a magnetic circuit (the roll of the first edge extends downward; Fig. 12 and [0060] line 7) and the second edge (Fig. 12 #30) is protruded toward the diaphragm (roll of the second edge extends upward; Fig. 12 and [0060] lines 7-9).

**Regarding claim 4**, Funahashi remains as applied above.

Funahashi further teaches the first edge (Fig. 11 #18) and the second edge (Fig. 11 #21) are formed in a semicircular roll shape (Figs. 1, 4-17, and 20-21), respectively, and the first edge (Fig. 11 #18) is protruded toward an opposite side of the magnetic circuit (the roll of the first edge extends upward; Fig. 11 and [0058] lines 7-8) and the second edge (Fig. 11 #21) is protruded toward the magnetic circuit (the roll of the second edge extends downward; Fig. 11 and [0058] lines 7-9).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 5-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Funahashi et al. (US PGPub 2003/0185415 A1 ('415)) as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Albinger (US Patent 4,029,911 ('911)).

Regarding claim 5, Funahashi remains as applied above.

Funahashi does not teach an engaging portion for positioning a coupling portion in which the diaphragm and the suspension holder are integrated with each other.

In the same field of endeavor, Albinger teaches an engaging portion ('911 Fig. 2 at the area marked by #13), for positioning a coupling portion ('911 Fig. 2 at #47) in

Art Unit: 2615

which the diaphragm ('911 #14) and the centering ring (suspension holder; '911 #15), are integrated with each other ('911 Fig. 2) for the benefit of ensuring a repeatable and secure fit between the diaphragm and centering ring.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the connection between the diaphragm and suspension as taught by Funahashi with the engaging and coupling portions as taught by Albinger for the benefit of ensuring a repeatable and secure fit between the diaphragm and centering ring.

Regarding claim 6, Funahashi teaches a loudspeaker ('415 abstract) comprising: a magnetic circuit ('415 #9) having an annular magnetic gap ('415 #14); a frame ('415 #19) coupled to the magnetic circuit ('415 #9 and Fig. 1); a voice coil ('415 #16) movably fitted into the magnetic gap ('415 [0040] lines 1-2); and a diaphragm ('415 #17) coupled to the frame ('415 #19 and Fig. 1) at its periphery via a first edge ('415 #18), wherein a suspension holder ('415 #20) extending downward from a middle portion between an inner periphery and an outer periphery on a rear surface of the diaphragm ('415 Figs. 7-9) is coupled to the diaphragm using an adhesive (integrated with the diaphragm; Figs 7 and [0053] lines 11-14); and the periphery of the suspension holder ('415 #20) is coupled to the frame ('415 #19) via a second edge ('415 #21) that is symmetric and similar to the first edge ('415 #18 and [0045] lines 3-5)

Funahashi does not explicitly teach the method comprising the steps of: molding the diaphragm and the suspension holder, separately; and coupling the molded diaphragm and the molded suspension holder so as to be integrated with each other.

Art Unit: 2615

In the same field of endeavor, Albinger teaches the method comprising the steps of: molding the diaphragm ('911 #14) and the centering ring (suspension holder; '911 #15), separately ('911 Fig. 2 illustrates separate components); and connecting (coupling) the molded diaphragm ('911 #14) and the molded centering ring (suspension holder; '911 #15) so as to be integrated with each other ('911 col. 6 lines 45-49) for the benefit of reducing cost and complexity of molding equipment.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the steps of molding a diaphragm and suspension holder out of resin as taught by Funahashi by molding the parts separately and joining them at assembly as taught by Albinger for the benefit of reducing cost and complexity of molding equipment.

**Regarding claim 7**, Funahashi and Albinger remain as applied above.

Albinger further teaches using ultrasonic welding to join the diaphragm edge to a plastic part of the frame (the resin-molded diaphragm and the resin-molded suspension holder are integrated with each other by welding; '911 col. 1 lines 42-45) for the benefit of producing a uniform, reliable, and rapid attachment ('911 col. 1 lines 45-46).

While Albinger does not explicitly teach connecting the centering ring with the diaphragm by welding, Albinger teaching use of ultrasonic welding to produce a uniform, reliable, and rapid attachment between plastic parts would have made it obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use as the method of connecting

Art Unit: 2615

the diaphragm and suspension holder as taught by the combination of Funahashi and Albinger.

# Double Patenting

6. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Art Unit: 2615

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

7. **Claims 1-7** are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 4, and 8 of U.S. Patent No. 7,324,659 in view of Funahashi et al. (US PGPub 2003/0185415 A1) and Albinger (US Patent 4,029,911 ('911)).

Instant Application	Patent 7,324,659
Claim 1	Claim 1
A loudspeaker comprising:	A speaker comprising:
a magnetic circuit having an annular	a magnetic circuit provided with a
magnetic gap;	magnetic gap;
a frame coupled to the magnetic	a frame serving an exterior enclosure,
circuit;	and retaining therein the magnetic
	circuit;
a voice coil movably fitted into the	a bobbin having a voice coil, the voice
magnetic gap;	coil disposed in the magnetic gap;
and a diaphragm coupled to the frame	a first surround connecting the outer
at its periphery via a first edge,	perimeter of the diaphragm to the
	frame;
	Claim 8, dependent upon claim 1
wherein a suspension holder	the inner rim of the suspension holder
extending downward from a	is bonded to a mid area of the
middle portion between an inner	diaphragm.
periphery and an outer periphery on	
a rear surface of the diaphragm is	

Application/Control Number: 10/549,771

Art Unit: 2615

Instant Application	Patent 7,324,659
integrated with the diaphragm;	
	Claim 1
and the periphery of the suspension	a suspension holder having an inner
holder is coupled to the frame via a	rim and an outer rim, the inner rim
second edge	supporting the diaphragm, and the
	outer rim connected to the frame
	through the second surround;
	Claim 4, dependent upon claim 1
that is symmetric and similar to the	the first surround and the second
first edge.	surround are substantially similar in
	shape and arranged symmetrically
	with respect to each other.

Patent 7,324,659 does not explicitly claim the voice coil being movably fitted, the suspension holder extending downward from the diaphragm, nor does it claim the suspension holder connected to a rear surface of the diaphragm.

Funahashi teaches the voice coil member having a movable coil (being moveably fitted; [0042] lines 1-2), the suspension holder (Figs. 7-8 #25 and Fig. 9 #27) extending downward from the diaphragm (Figs. 7-9), and the suspension holder connected to a rear surface of the diaphragm (Figs. 7-9) for the benefit of making the suspension holder lighter so that sound conversion efficiency is improved ([0055] lines 12-14).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the loudspeaker as claimed in the instant application with the

Art Unit: 2615

suspension as taught by Funahashi for the benefit of making the suspension holder lighter so that sound conversion efficiency is improved.

Regarding claims 2-7, Funahashi and Albinger teaches all the claimed limitations (see art rejections of claims 2-7 above).

8. Claims 1-2 and 5-7 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 7,209,570 in view of Albinger (US Patent 4,029,911 ('911)).

Instant Application	Patent 7,209,570
Claim 1	Claim 1
A loudspeaker comprising:	A loudspeaker comprising:
a magnetic circuit having an annular	a magnetic circuit including a
magnetic gap;	magnetic gap;
a frame coupled to the magnetic	
circuit;	
a voice coil movably fitted into the	a voice coil member disposed in said
magnetic gap;	magnetic gap and having a movable
	coil;
and a diaphragm coupled to the frame	a first edge having an inner end
at its periphery via a first edge,	connected to an outer peripheral
	part of said diaphragm, and an
	outer end connected to said frame,
wherein a suspension holder	
extending downward from a	
middle portion between an inner	
periphery and an outer periphery	
on a rear surface of the	
diaphragm is integrated with the	

Art Unit: 2615

Instant Application	Patent 7,209,570
diaphragm;	
and the periphery of the suspension	an outer peripheral part of said
holder is coupled to the frame via a	suspension holder is connected to
second edge that is symmetric and	said frame via a second edge, with
similar to the first edge.	said first edge and said second
	edge being substantially
	symmetrical relative to one another
	about a median of said first edge
	and said second edge.
Claim 6	Claim 1
A method for manufacturing a	A loudspeaker comprising:
loudspeaker comprising:	
a magnetic circuit having an annular	a magnetic circuit including a
magnetic gap;	magnetic gap;
a frame coupled to the magnetic	
circuit;	
a voice coil movably fitted into the	a voice coil member disposed in said
magnetic gap;	magnetic gap and having a movable
	coil;
and a diaphragm coupled to the frame	a first edge having an inner end
at its periphery via a first edge,	connected to an outer peripheral
	part of said diaphragm, and an
	outer end connected to said frame,
wherein a suspension holder	
extending downward from a	
middle portion between an inner	
periphery and an outer periphery	
on a rear surface of the	

Art Unit: 2615

Instant Application	Patent 7,209,570
diaphragm is integrated with the	
diaphragm;	
and the periphery of the suspension holder is coupled to the frame via a	an outer peripheral part of said suspension holder is connected to
second edge that is symmetric and similar to the first edge,	said frame via a second edge, with said first edge and said second edge being substantially symmetrical relative to one another about a median of said first edge and said second edge.
The method comprising the steps of: molding the diaphragm and the suspension holder with resin, separately; and coupling the molded diaphragm and the molded suspension holder so as to be integrated with each other.	

Patent 7,209,570 does not explicitly claim a frame being coupled to the magnetic circuit, nor does it claim a suspension holder, extending downward from a middle portion between an inner periphery and an outer periphery on a rear surface of the diaphragm, is integrated with the diaphragm.

**Regarding claim** 1, Albinger teaches a frame (#1) being coupled to the magnetic system (circuit; #2), and a centering ring (suspension holder; #15), extending downward from a middle portion between an inner periphery and an outer periphery on a rear

Art Unit: 2615

surface of the diaphragm, is integrated with the diaphragm (Figs. 1-2) for the benefit of providing voice coil centering.

it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the loudspeaker as claimed in the instant application with a magnetic circuit coupled to the frame and the suspension structure as taught by Albinger for the benefit of providing voice coil centering.

Regarding claim 2, Albinger teaches ultrasonic welding between a plastic contact surface and the edge of the diaphragm (the diaphragm is formed of resin; '911 col. 1 lines 42-45)

While Albinger does not explicitly teach the diaphragm being made of resin, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to make the diaphragm out of plastic as would be required for ultrasonic welding to be performed between the edge and a plastic contact surface as taught by Albinger.

Regarding claim 5, Albinger teaches an engaging portion ('911 Fig. 2 at the area marked by #13), for positioning a coupling portion ('911 Fig. 2 at #47) in which the diaphragm ('911 #14) and the centering ring (suspension holder; '911 #15), are integrated with each other ('911 Fig. 2) for the benefit of ensuring a repeatable and secure fit between the diaphragm and centering ring.

Regarding claim 6, see rejection of claim 1 above. Further Albinger teaches the method comprising the steps of: molding the diaphragm ('911 #14) and the centering ring (suspension holder; '911 #15), separately ('911 Fig. 2 illustrates separate components); and connecting (coupling) the molded diaphragm ('911 #14) and the

molded centering ring (suspension holder; '911 #15) so as to be integrated with each other ('911 col. 6 lines 45-49) for the benefit of reducing cost and complexity of molding equipment.

**Regarding claim 7**, Albinger further teaches using ultrasonic welding to join the diaphragm edge to a plastic part of the frame (the resin-molded diaphragm and the resin-molded suspension holder are integrated with each other by welding; '911 col. 1 lines 42-45) for the benefit of producing a uniform, reliable, and rapid attachment ('911 col. 1 lines 45-46).

While Albinger does not explicitly teach connecting the centering ring with the diaphragm by welding, Albinger teaching use of ultrasonic welding to produce a uniform, reliable, and rapid attachment between plastic parts would have made it obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use as the method of connecting the diaphragm and suspension holder as taught by the combination of Funahashi and Albinger.}

9. Claims 1-7 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 8-9, and 17 of U.S. Patent No. 7,203,333 in view of Funahashi et al. (US PGPub 2003/0185415 A1) and Albinger (US Patent 4,029,911 ('911)).

Instant Application	Patent 7,203,333
Claim 1	Claim 1:
A loudspeaker comprising:	A speaker comprising:
a magnetic circuit having an annular	a magnetic circuit having a magnetic

Art Unit: 2615

Instant Application	Patent 7,203,333
magnetic gap;	gap, a top surface, and a bottom
	surface;
a frame coupled to the magnetic	a frame supporting the diaphragm and
circuit;	the magnetic circuit;
a voice coil movably fitted into the	a voice coil body having a bobbin and
magnetic gap;	a coil section, the coil section being
	movable in the magnetic gap;
and a diaphragm coupled to the frame	a first edge coupling an outer
at its periphery via a first edge,	periphery of the diaphragm to the
	frame
wherein a suspension holder	the diaphragm has a bent section
extending downward from a	between the outer periphery of the
middle portion between an inner	diaphragm and the inner periphery
periphery and an outer periphery on	of the diaphragm wherein the
a rear surface of the diaphragm is	diaphragm is coupled to the
integrated with the diaphragm;	suspension holder at the bent
	section.
and the periphery of the suspension	a second edge coupling an outer
holder is coupled to the frame via a	periphery of the suspension holder
second edge that is symmetric	to the frame,
and similar to the first edge.	
Claim 3, dependent upon claim 1	Claim 9, dependent upon claim 1
the first edge and the second edge	the first edge has a portion that
are formed in a semicircular roll	protrudes inwardly in a first direction
shape, respectively, and the roll of	from the back surface of the
the first edge extends downward	diaphragm and the second edge
and the roll of the second edge	has a portion that protrudes in a
extends upward.	second direction, opposite to the

Art Unit: 2615

Instant Application	Patent 7,203,333
	first direction.
Claim 4, dependent upon claim 1	Claim 8, dependent upon claim 1
the first edge and the second edge	the first edge has a portion that
are formed in a semicircular roll	protrudes outwardly in a first
shape, respectively, and the roll of	direction from the front surface of
the first edge extends upward and	the diaphragm and the second edge
the roll of the second edge extends	has a portion that protrudes in a
downward.	second direction, opposite to the
	first direction.
Claim 5, dependent upon claim 1	Claim 17, dependent upon claim 1
an engaging portion for positioning a	further comprising an elastic body,
coupling portion in which the	wherein the diaphragm is coupled to
diaphragm and the suspension	the suspension holder via the
holder are integrated with each	elastic body.
other.	

Patent 7,203,333 does not explicitly claim the suspension holder extending downward from the diaphragm, the second edge being symmetric and similar to the first edge, nor does it claim the first and second edges are formed in a semicircular roll shape.

{Funahashi teaches the suspension holder (Figs. 7-8 #25 and Fig. 9 #27) extending downward from the diaphragm (Figs. 7-9), and the second edge being formed in a semicircular roll shape (Figs. 1, 4-17, and 20-21) and are symmetric and similar to the first edge ([0045] lines 1-5) for the benefit of cancelling out their own asymmetry ([0048] lines 8-10).

Art Unit: 2615

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the loudspeaker as claimed in the instant application with the suspension and symmetric edges as taught by Funahashi for the benefit of cancelling out their own asymmetry.

Regarding claims 2-7, Funahashi and Albinger teaches all the claimed limitations (see art rejections of claims 2 and 6-7 above).

10. Claims 1-7 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 1 of copending Application No. 10/583044 in view of Funahashi et al. (US PGPub 2003/0185415 A1) and Albinger (US Patent 4,029,911 ('911)).

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection.

Instant Application	Application 10/583,044 (PGPub 2007/0177757)
Claim 1	Claim 1
A loudspeaker comprising:	A loudspeaker comprising
a magnetic circuit having an annular	
magnetic gap;	
a frame coupled to the magnetic	a magnetic circuit held by the frame,
circuit;	
a voice coil movably fitted into the	a voice coil body disposed so as it can
magnetic gap;	move freely in a magnetic gap of
	the magnetic circuit,
and a diaphragm coupled to the frame	a diaphragm whose outer
at its periphery via a first edge,	circumferential end is connected to
	the frame via a first edge,

Art Unit: 2615

Instant Application	Application 10/583,044 (PGPub 2007/0177757)
wherein a suspension holder	
extending downward from a	
middle portion between an inner	
periphery and an outer periphery	
on a rear surface of the	
diaphragm is integrated with the	
diaphragm;	
and the periphery of the suspension	a suspension holder whose outer
holder is coupled to the frame via a	circumferential end is connected to
second edge that is symmetric	the frame via a second edge;
and similar to the first edge.	

PGPub 2007/0177757 does not explicitly claim a suspension holder, extending downward from a middle portion between an inner periphery and an outer periphery on a rear surface of the diaphragm, is integrated with the diaphragm, nor does it claim the second edge being symmetric and similar to the first edge.

Funahashi teaches a suspension holder (Figs. 7-8 #25 and Fig. 9 #27), extending downward from a middle portion between an inner periphery and an outer periphery on a rear surface of the diaphragm, is integrated with the diaphragm (Figs. 7-9), and the second edge being symmetric and similar to the first edge ([0045] lines 1-5) for the benefit of cancelling out their own asymmetry ([0048] lines 8-10).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the loudspeaker as claimed in the instant application with the suspension and symmetric edges as taught by Funahashi for the benefit of cancelling out their own asymmetry.

Art Unit: 2615

Regarding claims 2-7, Funahashi and Albinger teaches all the claimed limitations (see art rejections of claims 2-7 above).

11. **Claims 1-7** are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1 and 9 of copending Application No. 10/585,942 in view of Funahashi et al. (US PGPub 2003/0185415 A1) and Albinger (US Patent 4,029,911 ('911)).

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection.

Instant Application	Application 10/585,942 (PGPub 2007/0121995)
Claim 1	Claim 1
A loudspeaker comprising:	A speaker, comprising:
a magnetic circuit having an annular	a magnetic circuit having a magnetic
magnetic gap;	gap
a frame coupled to the magnetic	and disposed inside of the frame;
circuit;	
a voice coil movably fitted into the	a voice coil body disposed movably in
magnetic gap;	the magnetic gap;
and a diaphragm coupled to the frame	and a diaphragm whose outer
at its periphery via a first edge,	periphery edge is coupled to the
	frame,
	Claim 9, dependent upon claim 1
wherein a suspension holder	a suspension-holder whose an end is
extending downward from a	coupled to the frame and other end
middle portion between an inner	is coupled to a back surface of the

Art Unit: 2615

Instant Application	Application 10/585,942 (PGPub 2007/0121995)
periphery and an outer periphery	diaphragm.
on a rear surface of the diaphragm	
is integrated with the diaphragm;	
and the periphery of the suspension	
holder is coupled to the frame <b>via a</b>	
second edge that is symmetric	
and similar to the first edge.	

PGPub 2007/0121995 does not explicitly claim the suspension holder, extending downward from a middle portion between an inner periphery and an outer periphery of the diaphragm, nor does it claim the periphery of the suspension holder is coupled via a second edge that is symmetric and similar to the first edge.

Funahashi teaches a suspension holder (Figs. 7-8 #25 and Fig. 9 #27), extending downward from a middle portion between an inner periphery and an outer periphery (Figs. 7-9), and the periphery of the suspension holder is coupled via a second edge (Figs. 7-9 #21) that is symmetric and similar to the first edge ([0045] lines 1-5) for the benefit of cancelling out their own asymmetry ([0048] lines 8-10).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the loudspeaker as claimed in the instant application with the suspension and symmetric edges as taught by Funahashi for the benefit of cancelling out their own asymmetry.

Regarding claims 2-7, Funahashi and Albinger teaches all the claimed limitations (see art rejections of claims 2 -7 above).

Art Unit: 2615

12. **Claims 1-7** are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1 and 2 of copending Application No. 10/568,278 in view of Funahashi et al. (US PGPub 2003/0185415 A1) and Albinger (US Patent 4,029,911 ('911)).

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection.

Instant Application	Application 10/568,278 (PGPub 2006/0285718)
Claim 1	Claim 1
A loudspeaker comprising:	A speaker including:
a magnetic circuit having an annular	a magnetic circuit wherein at least a
magnetic gap;	part of the voice coil is movably
a voice coil movably fitted into the	disposed in a magnetic gap of the
magnetic gap;	magnetic circuit;
	Claim 2, dependent upon claim 1
a frame coupled to the magnetic	the magnetic circuit includes: a ring-
circuit;	shaped plate outer periphery
	thereof being laminated on the
	magnet and inner periphery thereof
	being pushed into the frame
	together with the columnar
	protrusion of the yoke.
	Claim 1
and a diaphragm coupled to the frame	a diaphragm with outer periphery of
at its periphery via a first edge,	the diaphragm being fixed to an

Art Unit: 2615

Instant Application	Application 10/568,278 (PGPub 2006/0285718)
	edge of the opening of the frame
	through a first edge;
wherein a suspension holder	
extending downward from a	
middle portion between an inner	
periphery and an outer periphery	
on a rear surface of the	
diaphragm is integrated with the	
diaphragm;	
and the periphery of the suspension	and a suspension holder outer
holder is coupled to the frame via a	periphery thereof being fixed to the
second edge that is symmetric and	frame through a second edge on
similar to the first edge.	the bottom surface of the diaphragm
	inside the frame; wherein the first
	and the second edges are
	substantially symmetrical with
	respect to a space between the first
	and the second edges,

PGPub 2006/0285718 does not claim wherein a suspension holder, extending downward from a middle portion between an inner periphery and an outer periphery on a rear surface of the diaphragm, is integrated with the diaphragm.

{Funahashi teaches a suspension holder (Figs. 7-8 #25 and Fig. 9 #27), extending downward from a middle portion between an inner periphery and an outer periphery on a rear surface of the diaphragm, is integrated with the diaphragm (Figs. 7-

Art Unit: 2615

9) for the benefit of making the suspension holder lighter so that sound conversion efficiency is improved ([0055] lines 12-14).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the loudspeaker as claimed in the instant application with the suspension as taught by Funahashi for the benefit of making the suspension holder lighter so that sound conversion efficiency is improved.

Regarding claims 2-7, Funahashi and Albinger teaches all the claimed limitations (see art rejections of claims 2 -7 above).

13. Claims 1-7 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 1 of copending Application No. 10/549,424 in view of Funahashi et al. (US PGPub 2003/0185415 A1) and Albinger (US Patent 4,029,911 ('911)).

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection.

Instant Application	Application 10/549,424 (PGPub 2006/0245615)
Claim 1	Claim 1
A loudspeaker comprising:	A loudspeaker comprising:
a voice coil movably fitted into the	a voice coil unit disposed slidably with
magnetic gap;	respect to
a magnetic circuit having an annular	a magnetic gap provided in the
magnetic gap;	magnetic circuit;
a frame coupled to the magnetic	a magnetic circuit disposed inside the
circuit;	frame;

Application/Control Number: 10/549,771

Art Unit: 2615

Instant Application	Application 10/549,424 (PGPub 2006/0245615)
and a diaphragm coupled to the frame	a diaphragm coupled to the frame at
at its periphery via a first edge,	its outer circumferential end part via
	a first edge;
wherein a suspension holder	and a suspension holder coupled to a
extending downward from a	rear surface of the diaphragm and
middle portion between an inner	
periphery and an outer periphery on	
a rear surface of the diaphragm is	
integrated with the diaphragm;	
and the periphery of the suspension	coupled to the frame at its one end via
holder is coupled to the frame via a	a second edge;
second edge that is symmetric	
and similar to the first edge.	
Claim 3, dependent upon claim 1	Claim 2, dependent upon claim 1
the first edge and the second edge	the first edge is allowed to bend
are formed in a semicircular roll	downward and the second edge is
shape, respectively, and the roll of	allowed to bend upward.
the first edge extends downward	
and the roll of the second edge	
extends upward.	
Claim 4, dependent upon claim 1	Claim 3 dependent upon claim 1
the first edge and the second edge	the first edge is allowed to bend
are formed in a semicircular roll	upward and the second edge is
shape, respectively, and the roll of	allowed to bend downward.
the first edge extends upward and	
the roll of the second edge extends	
downward.	

PGPub 2006/0245615 does not explicitly claim the suspension holder extending downward from a middle portion, the first and second edges being formed in a semicircular roll shape, nor does it claim the second edge being symmetric and similar to the first edge.

{Funahashi teaches the suspension holder extending downward from the diaphragm (Figs. 7-9), and the second edge being formed in a semicircular roll shape (Figs. 1, 4-17, and 20-21) and are symmetric and similar to the first edge ([0045] lines 1-5) for the benefit of cancelling out their own asymmetry ([0048] lines 8-10).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the loudspeaker as claimed in the instant application with the suspension and symmetric edges as taught by Funahashi for the benefit of cancelling out their own asymmetry.

Regarding claims 2-7, Funahashi and Albinger teaches all the claimed limitations (see art rejections of claims 2-7 above).

14. **Claims 1-7** are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 91 of copending Application No. 11/418,143 in view of Funahashi et al. (US PGPub 2003/0185415 A1) and Albinger (US Patent 4,029,911 ('911)).

This is a provisional obviousness-type double patenting rejection.

Application 11/418143	
Instant Application (DCD) b 2000/02450741	
(PGPub 2006/0215871)	

Application/Control Number: 10/549,771

Art Unit: 2615

Instant Application	Application 11/418143 (PGPub 2006/0215871)
Claim 1	Claim 114
A loudspeaker comprising:	A loudspeaker comprising:
a magnetic circuit having an annular	a magnetic circuit including a
magnetic gap;	magnetic gap;
a frame coupled to the magnetic	
circuit;	
a voice coil movably fitted into the	a voice coil member disposed in the
magnetic gap;	magnetic gap of said magnetic
	circuit and having a movable coil;
and a diaphragm coupled to the frame	a frame linked with an outer peripheral
at its periphery via a first edge,	part of said diaphragm via a first edge;
wherein a suspension holder	wherein an inner peripheral part of a
extending downward from a middle	suspension holder is linked with a
portion between an inner periphery	middle section of said diaphragm;
and an outer periphery on a rear	, ,
surface of the diaphragm is	
integrated with the diaphragm;	
and the periphery of the suspension	wherein an outer peripheral part of
holder is coupled to the frame via a	said suspension holder is linked
second edge that is symmetric and	with said frame via a second edge;
similar to the first edge.	and wherein the first edge and the
	second edge are substantially
	symmetrical with each other about a
	median of the first edge and the
	second edge.
Claim 3, dependent upon claim 1	Claim 117, dependent upon claim
	114

Art Unit: 2615

Instant Application	Application 11/418143 (PGPub 2006/0215871)
the first edge and the second edge	the first edge is protruded toward said
are formed in a semicircular roll	magnetic circuit, and the second
shape, respectively, and the roll of	edge is protruded toward said
the first edge extends downward	diaphragm.
and the roll of the second edge	
extends upward.	
Claim 4, dependent upon claim 1	Claim 116, dependent upon claim
	114
the first edge and the second edge	the first edge is protruded toward an
are formed in a semicircular roll	opposite side of said magnetic
shape, respectively, and the roll of	circuit, and the second edge is
the first edge extends upward and	protruded toward said magnetic
the roll of the second edge extends	circuit.
downward.	

PGPub 2006/0215871 does not explicitly claim a magnetic circuit coupled to the frame, nor does it claim the second edge being symmetric and similar to the first edge.

{Funahashi teaches a magnetic circuit (Fig. 1 #9-13) coupled to the frame (Fig. 1 #19) and the second edge being formed in a semicircular roll shape (Figs. 1, 4-17, and 20-21) and are symmetric and similar to the first edge ([0045] lines 1-5) for the benefit of providing a flexible connection for centering the voice coil.)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the loudspeaker as claimed in the instant application with the magnetic circuit and roll shaped edges for the benefit of providing a flexible connection for centering the voice coil.

Art Unit: 2615

Regarding claims 2-7, Funahashi and Albinger teaches all the claimed limitations (see art rejections of claims 2-7 above).

### Conclusion

- 15. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
  - a. Sahyoun (US PGPub 2004/0076309) teaches a speaker with centering member connected directly to the rear side of the diaphragm.
  - b. Rouy (US Patent 3,125,647) teaches a centering member connected to the rear side of a diaphragm via a flange.
  - c. Wank et al. (US Patent 5,056,617) teaches a diaphragm for a loudspeaker made of resin/plastic material and welding plastic components together.
  - d. Suzuki et al. (US Patent 4,395,597) teaches a speaker diaphragm made of foam resin including a supporting member at the suspension-diaphragm connection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to JESSE A. ELBIN whose telephone number is (571)270-3710. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 8:00am to 5:00pm EDT.

Art Unit: 2615

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sinh Tran can be reached on (571) 272-7564. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/J. A. E./ Examiner, Art Unit 2615

/Sinh N Tran/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2615